2019 MAY 16 AM 8: 28

2018 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

		North Decatur Water Ass	sociation, Inc.
	ş ı	Public Water System	Name
_		05/60/2	
		st PWS ID #s for all Community Water Sy	
a Co mus requ	onsumer Confidence Report to be mailed or delivered to dest. Make sure you follow	rt (CCR) to its customers each year. Dep the customers, published in a newspaper	by Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distributed ending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR of local circulation, or provided to the customers upong the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) on the class that apply.
XXX	Customers were inform	med of availability of CCR by: (Attack	h copy of publication, water bill or other)
	^{XX} □ A	dvertisement in local paper (Attach co	ppy of advertisement)
		n water bills (Attach copy of bill)	
	□ □ □ E	mail message (Email the message to t	he address below)
		other	
	Date(s) customers w	vere informed: 4 / 24 /2019	5 / 1 /2019 / /2019
	CCR was distributed methods used	by U.S. Postal Service or other di	rect delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
	Date Mailed/Distrib	uted:/	5
	CCR was distributed l	by Email (<i>Email MSDH a copy</i>)	Date Emailed: / / 2019
			(Provide Direct URL)
	□ ' □ A	s an attachment	
	□ □ A	s text within the body of the email me	ssage
	CCR was published in	local newspaper. (Attach copy of pub	olished CCR <u>or</u> proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper	: The Newton County Ar	peal
	Date Published:		
	CCR was posted in pu	blic places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted: / / 2019
	CCR was posted on a	publicly accessible internet site at the	following address:
	*		(Provide Direct URL)
I her abov and of H	ve and that I used distribution correct and is consistent wit lealth, Bureau of Public Wat	on methods allowed by the SDWA. I further the water quality monitoring data provide	is public water system in the form and manner identified or certify that the information included in this CCR is true d to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department 5/15/2019
Nan	me/Title (<i>Board President, M</i>	Aayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)	Date
		Submission options (Select one	e method ONLY)
	Mail: (U.S. Postal MSDH, Bureau of Pu P.O. Box 1700	Service)	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov Fax: (601) 576 - 7800
	Jackson, MS 39215		**Not a preferred method due to poor clarity **

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!



2019 APR -8 AM 8: 44

2018 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report North Decatur Water Association PWS#: 0510012 April 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the North Decatur Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Jeff Alexander at 601.917.7594. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Tuesday of each month at 5:00 PM at the water office.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2018, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10.000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

10. Barium	N	2018	.0097	.00960097	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits	
13. Chromium	N	2018	.8	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	
15. Cyanide	N	2017*	65	44 - 65	ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories	
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits	
Disinfectio 81. HAA5	n By	-Product	S	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection,	
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2016*	4.63	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N	2018	1	.8 – 1.6	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes	

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2018

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The North Decatur Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF NEWTON

Personally came before me the undersigned authority, in and for the County and State aforesaid Brent Maze, who being by me duly sworn, states on oath that he is the Publisher of *The Newton County Appeal*, a newspaper published in Newton County, Mississippi. A copy of which is hereto attached has

Appeal, a newspaper publish been made in said paper	2 times consecutiv	ely, to-wit:		
	Vol. No. 110	No. 39	Date 4/24	,20 19
For:	Vol. No. 110			.20 19
N. tecatrur Water	Vol. No	No	Date	.20
Association	Vol. No	No	Date	,20
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Publish: 2/13, 2/20, 2/27, 3/6

2018 AVANUAL DRIBNKING WATER QUALITY REPORT NORTH DECATUR WATER ASSOCIATION WS#9510012

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MCLG

MCL

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Disinfection By-Products

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The-Mississippi State Department of Health:
Public Health-Laboratory-offers lead testingPlease contact 601.576. 7582 if you wish to nents. When your water has been sitting for in drinking water, testing methods, and steps drinking or cooking. If you are concerned for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 you can take to minimize exposure is avail-able from the Safe Drinking Water Hodine about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead seconds to 2 minutes before using water for several hours, you can minimize the potentia

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customers help us pr sources, which are the he nity, our way of life and or works around the dock t ity water to every tap. The North Decatur

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